A storage unit is hinged to the wall in a basement corner. It is tilted-up to rest on stacked brick or concrete block and filled for overhead protection.

HOME FALLOUT SHELTER

tilt-up storage unit shelter-basement location
Use 2-8 strap hinges on each case with 4 NL 2 x 1 1/2 screws in each leaf.

2 x 6 hinge board

2 x 8 (typ)

1 x 6 T&G boards glue and nail to 2 x 8 with two 6d ring shank nails.

DETAIL SECTIONS.

ISOMETRIC OF CASES

DRY STACK WALL TO SHIELD END OPENING

SHIM FIRST COURSE

EXT'G BSMT WALL LEVEL WITH WOOD SHINGLES

SECTION A-1

SECTION A-Z

SECTION B

CONC BLK IN STORAGE CASES

1/2" 10 3/8

HALF TYPICAL TYPICAL TYPICAL TYPICAL

CASE CASE CASE CASE CASE

DRY STACK WALL TO SHIELD END OPENING

SHIM FIRST COURSE

LEVEL WITH WOOD SHINGLES

EXTG BSMT WALL

NOTICE: ALL CONCRETE BLOCKS ARE SOLID 4" x 8" x 16"

LAD DRY TAKE CARE TO KEEP ALL WALLS PLUMB AND LEVEL

VENTILATION HOLE

2 x 8 BEAM

NOTE: ALL CONCRETE BLOCKS ARE SOLID 4" x 8" x 16"

STACK 48 BLOCKS IN ENTRY AFTER OCCUPANCY

6 1/2" BLKS x 8" x 6"

VENTILATION HOLES (SEE VENT DETAIL)

EXTG BASEMENT WALL

2 x 8 Post

VENTILATION HOLE

2 x 8 Post

SHIM FIRST COURSE LEVEL WITH WOOD SHINGLES

SECTION B

PLAN

NOTE: ALL CONCRETE BLOCKS ARE SOLID 4" x 8" x 16"

LAD DRY TAKE CARE TO KEEP ALL WALLS PLUMB AND LEVEL

EXTG BSMT WALL LEVEL WITH WOOD SHINGLES

SECTION A-Z

SECTION A-1

NOTE: ALL CONCRETE BLOCKS ARE SOLID 4" x 8" x 16"

LAD DRY TAKE CARE TO KEEP ALL WALLS PLUMB AND LEVEL
GENERAL INFORMATION

The principal feature of this shelter is a roof composed of tilt-up storage units, the top of which is hinged to the wall. The units can be used as book cases, pantry shelves, or for miscellaneous storage. In an emergency, the storage units can be tilted up so that they rest on a stacked masonry wall built from materials stored nearby the units.

In basements where the outside ground level is above the top of the tilted-up units, adequate shelter from fallout radiation is provided by filling the units with brick or solid concrete block 8” thick. The shelter will house 6 people.

Approximately 2 man days are required to construct the storage units. The materials are readily available, from retail lumber yards.

MATERIALS LIST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Actual Number Reauired</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Masonry:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4” x 8” x 16” solid concrete masonry units or 2-l/4” x 4” x 8” solid bricks</td>
<td>575 blocks or 3450 bricks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lumber:</strong> (“Construction” or “No. 1” grades or better)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>posts 2 x 4 x 6’-4-1/4”</td>
<td>5 pieces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>beam 2 x 8 x 10’-11-5/8”</td>
<td>1 piece</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 cases plus half case</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 x 8 x 6’-3-3/8”</td>
<td>8 pieces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 x 8 x 6’-0-1/8”</td>
<td>3 pieces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 x 8 x 1’-4”</td>
<td>9 pieces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 x 8 x 2’-9-5/8”</td>
<td>6 pieces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 6 x 1’-7-1/4” T &amp; G*</td>
<td>13 pieces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 6 x 3’-1” T &amp; G *</td>
<td>39 pieces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hardware:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3”x 8” x 1/8” unfinished steel strap hinges</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#12 x l-1/2” wood screws, c. s.</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/8” diam. x 6” square head unfinished anchor bolts</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/8” bolt size multiple-expanding machine bolt anchor</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6d ring shanked nails</td>
<td>3 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>glue, protein emulsion (must develop 450 lbs. /sq. in.) l-1/2 pints</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16d common nails</td>
<td>3 pounds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Square edge boards may be used.
Special tools:
- bubble level to insure wall is level as it is stacked
- 3/4” star drill for making anchor holes in existing basement wall

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

1. Prepare wood case units.
   a. Assemble wood units in accordance with drawings on sheet 2.
   b. Fasten hinges to hinge board with 1-1/2” #12* wood screws.
   c. Locate and drill holes in basement walls to receive machine bolt anchors.
   d. Bolt hinge board and 2 x 4 posts to wall with 3/8” anchor bolts.
   e. Fasten wood case units to hinges with 1-1/2” #12* wood screws.
2. Provide suitable storage location for required concrete block.
3. Assembly of shelter.
   a. Remove items stored from wood case units.
   b. Mark location of shelter walls on floor with chalk.
   c. Move concrete blocks to shelter location.
   d. Lay first course of blocks for shelter walls, shimming block as required with wood shingles until course is level. It is important that the wall be stacked as nearly level and plumb as possible for stability.
   e. Tilt up case units in corner of basement and support temporarily with 2 x 4 prop or household step ladder. Build-up 16” concrete block wall to support case units.
   f. Remove prop, lower case units to block wall and fill case units with concrete blocks.
   g. Build end wall up above the side of the end storage unit.
   h. Move 48 concrete blocks into shelter.
   i. Occupy shelter and fill entry with 48 blocks.

* Drill lead holes 5/32” in diameter, 1-3/8” deep and shank lead holes 3/16” in diameter, 3/8” deep.